Hughes 9211 and 9202M
User Guide

H64158
Revision A
27 December 2019
Contents

Messages concerning property damage ................................................................. vii

Introduction .............................................................................................................. 1

Overview .................................................................................................................... 1

About this User Guide ............................................................................................... 2

9211 Package Contents ............................................................................................. 3

9202M Package Contents ......................................................................................... 5

Minimum System Requirements for Laptop/PC ....................................................... 5

Getting Started ......................................................................................................... 5

Information for Maintenance .................................................................................... 6

Date of Manufacture .................................................................................................. 6

Manufacturer Contact .............................................................................................. 6

Using the Terminal ..................................................................................................... 7

Setup ........................................................................................................................... 7

LCD Quick Start ......................................................................................................... 8

  Web UI Quick Start ................................................................................................ 9

Connecting the terminal to the computer ................................................................. 11

  Connecting by Ethernet ......................................................................................... 11

  Connecting by WLAN ........................................................................................... 11

    WLAN Security ................................................................................................ 12

  Connecting by RJ11 .............................................................................................. 13

  Dialing and Numbering ....................................................................................... 14

  External Antenna ................................................................................................. 14

Coverage Map .......................................................................................................... 15

  Operation in the I-4 MEAS footprint ................................................................. 15

  Operation in the Russian Federation ................................................................. 16

Using the LCD and Keypad ....................................................................................... 17

LCD Display and Keypad ........................................................................................ 17

Terminal Buttons ...................................................................................................... 17

LCD Status Display ................................................................................................. 18

  Pointing mode display ....................................................................................... 18

  Audible pointing indicator ................................................................................. 18

  Exit Pointing and Registering with the network ........................................ 19

  Idle mode display ............................................................................................. 19

  Connection mode display ............................................................................... 19

  Status messages ............................................................................................... 20

Menu Navigation ...................................................................................................... 22

Display Icons ............................................................................................................ 24

Battery Icon .............................................................................................................. 24
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Power Icon</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPS Icon</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satellite Icons</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wireless LAN Icon</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wireless LAN Lock Icon</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Globe ICON</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIM PIN entry</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple Users</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information Messages</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Using the Web UI</strong></td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessing the Web UI</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Page</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connections</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manage Contexts</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Contexts</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manage APNs</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SMS</strong></td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Send/Receive</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saved Drafts</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sent Messages</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS Settings</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Settings Page</strong></td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Setup</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Address/DHCP Settings</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAT Mode</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relay Mode</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAPT Mode</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPPoE Mode</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Forwarding Page</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wireless LAN</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wireless LAN Security</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephony</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Features</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>M2M Page</strong></td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ping Configuration</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Usage Page</strong></td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support Page</strong></td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support and Information</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Smart Phone Web UI</strong></td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operation with Tracking Antenna</strong></td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Overview</strong></td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web UI Changes</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C10D Antenna Kit for 9211 and 9202M: 3501057-0001</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Tables

Table 1: Status Messages........................................................................................................21
Table 2: LCD Menu Structure................................................................................................23
Table 3: Quick-Text Status Message Descriptions.................................................................27
Understanding safety alert messages

Safety alert messages call attention to potential safety hazards and tell you how to avoid them. These messages are identified by the signal words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, or NOTICE, as illustrated below. To avoid possible property damage, personal injury or in some cases possible death; read and comply with all safety alert messages.

Messages concerning personal injury

The signal words DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION DANGER indicate hazards that could result in personal injury or in some cases death, as explained below. Each of these signal words indicates the severity of the potential hazard.

⚠️ DANGER

DANGER indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

⚠️ WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in serious injury.

⚠️ CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

Messages concerning property damage

⚠️ NOTICE

NOTICE is used for messages concerning possible property damage, product damage or malfunction, data loss, or other unwanted results—but not personal injury.
Safety symbols

The generic safety alert symbol ❝ calls attention to a potential personal injury hazard. It appears next to the DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION signal words as part of the signal word label. Other symbols may appear next to DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION to indicate a specific type of hazard (for example, fire or electric shock). If other hazard symbols are used in this document they are identified in this section.

Additional symbols

**Warning** Potential Radio Frequency (RF) hazard. Where you see this alert symbol and WARNING heading, strictly follow the warning instructions to avoid injury to eyes or other personal injury.

**Warning** Where you see this alert symbol and WARNING heading, strictly follow the warning instructions to avoid personal injury.

**Danger** Electric shock hazard: Where you see this alert symbol and DANGER heading, strictly follow the warning instructions to avoid electric shock injury or death.

**Warnings for Satellite Terminal**

**Do not stand in front of the Antenna** This device emits radio frequency energy. To avoid injury, do not place head or other body parts in front of the satellite antenna when system is operational. Maintain a distance of one meter or more from the front of the Satellite Terminal antenna.

**General** Handle your Satellite Terminal with care. The unit is weather resistant per IEC 60529; however, do not submerge the unit. Avoid exposing your Satellite Terminal to extreme hot or cold temperatures outside the range -25°C to +60°C.

Avoid placing the Terminal close to cigarettes, open flames or any source of heat.
Changes or modifications to the Terminal not expressly approved by Hughes Network Systems could void your authority to operate this equipment.

Only use a soft damp cloth to clean the Terminal.

To avoid impaired Terminal performance, please ensure the unit’s antenna is not damaged or covered with foreign material like paint or labeling.

When inserting the SIM, do not bend it or damage the contacts in any way. When connecting the interface cables, do not use excessive force.

**In the vicinity of blasting work and in explosive environments** Never use the Satellite Terminal where blasting work is in progress. Observe all restrictions and follow any regulations or rules. Areas with a potentially explosive environment are often, but not always, clearly marked. Do not use the Terminal while at a petrol filling station. Do not use near fuel or chemicals.

**Qualified Service** Do not attempt to disassemble your Satellite Terminal. The unit does not contain consumer-serviceable components. Only qualified service personnel may install or repair equipment.

**Accessories** Use Hughes approved accessories only. Use of non-approved accessories may result in loss of performance, damage to the Satellite Terminal, fire, electric shock or injury.

**Battery** Use only a battery approved by Hughes. Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Recycle or dispose of used batteries in accordance with local regulations.

**Connecting Devices** Never connect incompatible devices to the Satellite Terminal. When connecting the Satellite Terminal to any other device, read the device’s User Manual for detailed safety instructions.
Pacemakers  The various brands and models of cardiac pacemakers available exhibit a wide range of immunity levels to radio signals. Therefore, people who wear a cardiac pacemaker and who want to use a Satellite Terminal should seek the advice of their cardiologist. If, as a pacemaker user, you are still concerned about interaction with the Satellite Terminal, we suggest you follow these guidelines:

- Maintain a distance of one meter from the main antenna front and sides and your pacemaker;
- Refer to your pacemaker product literature for information on your particular device.

If you have any reason to suspect that interference is taking place, turn off your Satellite Terminal immediately.

Hearing Aids  Most new models of hearing aids are immune to radio frequency interference from Satellite Terminals that are more than 2 meters away. Many types of older hearing aids may be susceptible to interference, making it very difficult to use them near a Terminal. Should interference be experienced, maintain additional separation between you and the Satellite Terminal.

Electrical Storms  Operation of the Satellite Terminal during electrical storms may result in severe personal injury or death.
Introduction

Overview

The Hughes 9211 and 9202M Land Portable Terminals provide reliable satellite connectivity over the Inmarsat BGAN satellite network.

- The Hughes 9211 comes in a small, portable package, and it allows the user to take advantage of the High-Data-Rate (HDR) bearers (as a Class 1 Terminal) in the Inmarsat network. The terminal is optimized for transmitting HDR and uses standard BGAN bearers in the receive direction.
- The Hughes 9202M is a smaller Class 2 BGAN terminal.

You can send and receive IP packets via Ethernet and WLAN interfaces. In parallel with the packet data services, the 9211 and 9202M support circuit-switched voice and fax calls via standard POTS interface.

The terminals include the following features and benefits:

- Small, compact IP terminal with the following interfaces:
- Wi-Fi access point (b/g/n) built-in
- RJ-45 Ethernet port
- POTS RJ14 port for voice and fax
- External Active Antenna port

- SMS Remote Control, with over-air software upgrades
- Fully compatible with Remote Terminal Manager (RTM)
- Multi-user capability for sharing a single unit
- Selectable Quality-of-Service (QoS) up to HDR streaming (HDR, 9211 only)
- Full IP compatibility for Email, file transfer (FTP), browsing, VPN, etc.
- Cost-effective “always-on” access – charges only for data sent and received
- UMTS IP-based services
- FCC and CE certified
- Subscriber Identification Module (SIM) card security

In this document, the following names and abbreviations are used to identify the Satellite Terminal and your computer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Terminal</td>
<td>Satellite Terminal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TE</td>
<td>Terminal Equipment (your computer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UT</td>
<td>User Terminal/satellite terminal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

About this User Guide

This user guide contains the most up-to-date information available on this product, on the date it was generated. It is focused on the specific information needed to operate the Hughes 9211 and 9202M Land Portable Terminals.

For information on using LaunchPad, please refer to the Inmarsat website where a copy of the ‘Inmarsat LaunchPad Guide’ can be downloaded: [www.inmarsat.com/support](http://www.inmarsat.com/support) LaunchPad currently does not support the 9202M.
9211 Package Contents

When you unpack the Hughes 9211 Land Portable Terminal Kit package, you will find the following:

• Upper Level
  o AC/DC power adapter
  o US, EU and UK power cords
  o Ethernet cable
  o Lithium Ion battery

• Lower level
  o Hughes 9211 terminal
Do not tear the plastic cover on the lower level where the 9211 terminal is housed. Lift the entire lower level up and unfold the side flaps to remove the 9211 terminal. This packaging can be re-used for shipping to other customers if needed.

Your Service Provider will supply you with a Subscriber Identification Module (SIM) and its PIN, and Satellite Terminal configuration instructions – you will need these to access the satellite network. **Note:** make sure the SIM card is provisioned for multiple PDP contexts to take advantage of the multiple users and remote management. The SIM card may also have two (2) MSISDN numbers associated with it for various Circuit-Switched services:

- 4K Voice
- 3.1KHz Audio/Fax
9202M Package Contents

When you unpack the Hughes 9202M Land Portable Terminal Kit package, you will find the following:

- Hughes 9202M terminal
- AC/DC power adapter
- US, EU and UK power cords
- Ethernet cable
- Lithium Ion battery

Your Service Provider will supply you with a Subscriber Identification Module (SIM) and its PIN, and Satellite Terminal configuration instructions – you will need these to access the satellite network. Note: The SIM card may also have two (2) MSISDN numbers associated with it for various Circuit-Switched services:

- 4K Voice
- 3.1KHz Audio/Fax

Minimum System Requirements for Laptop/PC

These are the minimum computer system requirements for successful interface with the Satellite Terminal:

- Internet Browser: Microsoft Internet Explorer (IE8 or above), Edge, Firefox or Safari. Release 6.0.0.6 fully supports Chrome. Earlier releases can be used with Chrome but do not support downloading files from the Support Page.
- PC Support for Ethernet or WLAN (802.11b or b/g/n).
- 100 MB of free hard disk space if using LaunchPad. Only LaunchPad version 5.0.7 or newer supports the 9211. The 9202M is currently not supported by LaunchPad.

Getting Started

This guide is the simplest and quickest way to connect to the BGAN network. If you are a first time user, you will be guided through the procedure for powering up your terminal, obtaining a GPS fix, connecting your computer to the terminal and registering with the BGAN network. You are then ready to start using voice and broadband services.
Information for Maintenance

In the event that a Hughes terminal develops a problem, please follow the instructions below.

For Users:
Please contact the company that you purchased the terminal from so that they can request an RMA from Hughes for your terminal.

For Distribution Providers:
Should a Hughes terminal need to be returned for repair, an RMA will be required.

- To request an RMA access the Customer Care Portal at https://customergateway.hns.com
- Alternatively, an RMA may be requested via Email to MRC@hns.com
- Ship the unit to the Hughes repair center at the following address; be sure to include the RMA number on the address label.
  
  Hughes Network Systems
  Attn: RMA # XXXXXXXXX
  Material Return Center
  16060 Industrial Drive
  Gaithersburg, MD 20877
  USA

Date of Manufacture

If it is necessary to determine the date of manufacture of a unit, e-mail Hughes at MobileSatelliteSupport@Hughes.com and provide the IMEI from the unit label.

Manufacturer Contact

For other general queries, contact Hughes at:

11717 Exploration Lane, Germantown, MD 20876, USA
+1 (301) 428-5500

www.hughes.com
Using the Terminal

Setup

Remove the battery and install the USIM card supplied by your Service Provider in the battery compartment. The SIM card icon on the casting shows the proper way to install the SIM card.

Install the battery in the terminal unit and then fully charge the battery using the supplied AC/DC converter.
LCD Quick Start

Press the power button for at least two (2) seconds in order to Power On the terminal. The LCD will display “Hughes 9211” or “Hughes 9202” for about 30 seconds while the terminal is booting up.

Since the terminal is a portable device, you must first obtain a GPS fix and then point the terminal to the Inmarsat satellite before setting up a data connection with the network.

You can use the LCD display to aid in pointing as described in Using the LCD and Keypad on Page 17.

In the UT Front Panel picture above, the descriptive text above the panel refers to if the user performs a long (> 2 sec) press; and text below the panel refers to a short (< 2 sec) press.
Short-pressing the Accept button enters the Menu System.

In pointing mode, the upper line gives the compass bearing and elevation angle of the closest satellite.

Use the signal quality display on the lower line to help point the UT to the satellite. While in pointing mode, you may also activate the audio pointing aid by a long press of the audio button on the right (the higher the pitch/the faster the tempo of the beeps means that you are pointing the terminal better).

Once you have accurately pointed the unit to the satellite (signal level of 52 to 55dB for the 9211 or 51 to 54dB for the 9202M), exit pointing by a long press (>2 seconds) of the Back/Cancel button. The unit will now attempt to register with the satellite network.
Once the unit has registered and is Circuit-Switched (CS) and Packet-Switched (PS) attached (“Ready” on the LCD), you can create a data connection from the menu by first pressing the **Accept** button to enter the menu system, then by scrolling through the various selections and by pressing the **Accept** button when the LCD says “Connection”. Scroll through the various QoS’s and select the appropriate one for your application by again pressing the **Accept** button.

**Web UI Quick Start**

Alternatively, you can connect a computer and use the terminal’s internal web server. From your terminal equipment (e.g. PC), enter 192.168.128.100 as the URL to access the Home Page (see *Using the Web UI* for more details). **Note:** the product number in the top left will be 9202 for the 9202M.

The Terminal Status Page gives you all the information you need to point and register with the network. Once you have a GPS fix and are pointed to the satellite as best you can, click on the **Register with Network** button to start the registration process.
Once you are registered and CS and PS Attached, you can then select the Quality of Service (QoS) for your data connection by choosing either the **Standard** or **Streaming** connection section of the page.

The screenshot below shows an HDR asymmetric data session (9211 only) that has been selected and setup with the network.

**NOTICE**

The bandwidth assigned to the terminal is shown as 427kbps / 64kbps which is the initial “reference” bandwidth. After a few seconds, or once the device starts to send data, a higher up link rate will be assigned, e.g. > 650kbps. The Web UI will dynamically show the available bandwidth. This information can be used to help with video codec settings, for example.
Connecting the terminal to the computer

You can connect your computer to the UT with one or more of the following interfaces

- Ethernet
- WLAN

Your computer must be configured to support your chosen connection method. Refer to the documentation supplied with your computer for details.

Connecting by Ethernet

To connect the Hughes UT terminal to a device using Ethernet:

- Connect an Ethernet cable to your device’s Ethernet port, and insert the other end of the connector into the Ethernet port on the UT.

Connecting by WLAN

If you have not previously used the UT’s WLAN interface, it has to be enabled from the UT’s front-panel keypad, or you can connect via Ethernet and use the internal Web UI.

During initial setup, you can turn on Wi-Fi by long pressing (> 2 seconds) the button. Once the icon shows solid on the LCD, you can continue to configure the terminal or setup a data session using your wirelessly-connected device.

From the Web UI WLAN pages:

- WLAN Power: The default is off, which disables the WLAN feature.
- SSID (network name): The default is “Hughes 9211” or “Hughes 9202”, but you can change it to whatever you want.
- Channel Number: This controls the radio channel number (1 through 11) used by the access point. To meet FCC regulations, channels 12 to 14 are not supported.

As you are configuring the WLAN, you can also enable the Wireless LAN Encryption (WPA or WPA2) and MAC Address Filtering features for added security.
Once the WLAN is enabled and configured, any device with a WLAN interface can detect the UT’s WLAN SSID, and connect to it automatically.

**Note:** In PPPoE mode, you can connect to the Web UI via WLAN, but you can’t activate PDP contexts or send data over the spacelink via WLAN – you have to use the Ethernet interface.

**WLAN Security**

Use the drop-down menu to select the type of encryption that you want: WPA or WPA2.

- **WPA and WPA2 Protection Status:**
  - Enter the Passphrase that you want to use and click on “Hide Keys” if you do not want to show the Passphrase.
• MAC Filtering: For added security, check the box to “Enable” MAC Filtering. You can define up to 10 MAC addresses for devices that are allowed to connect to your WLAN.

To determine the MAC address of a PC, go to a DOS prompt and type `ipconfig/all`.

For Mac OS X, under the Apple Menu go to `System Preferences -> Network` and `Show Airport`. The Airport Id is the MAC address. Alternatively, go to `About this Mac -> More Info -> Network`, and select `Airport`.

**NOTICE**

When WLAN is enabled, unauthorized users may be able to access your BGAN service. If encryption is enabled, you must provide other WLAN users with the proper encryption key or passphrase in order for them to connect to the terminal. You can go to the `Manage Connections` Page on the Web UI to see the identities of computers (by IP address) are actually using the BGAN service.

**Connecting by RJ11**

You can connect an analog phone directly to the RJ14 port with an RJ11 cable to make voice calls.

If you wish to use the fax port, you can connect an RJ14 connector that breaks out the two RJ11 ports into Line 1 and Line 2. You can then connect to port 2 to access the 3.1k service for fax (see the Application Note at the end of this User Manual).

If you have a device that supports voice and 3.1 KHz/fax on a single line, you can configure the RJ14 port to support both services on Line 1. On the `Telephony Settings` Page, set the field “Route incoming 3.1kHz/fax calls to” “RJ14 port 1” and simply connect the device directly to the RJ14 port with an RJ11 cable. With this setting, all incoming calls are then routed to RJ14 Line 1.

To initiate an outgoing 3.1kHz/fax call when connected to Line 1, add a 2* prefix in front of the dialed number. For voice calls, no prefix is required, but the UT will accept a 1* prefix to indicate a voice call.
To receive incoming calls on Line 1, change the **Route incoming 3.1KHz/fax calls** parameter on the **Telephony Settings** Page to “RJ14 Line 1” using the drop-down menu.

**Dialing and Numbering**

**Dialing** - As the BGAN numbering system follows the same pattern as the normal telephone system, dialing is carried out in exactly the same manner as making a normal telephone call. The subscriber number is used with the same international and area codes as any other telephone network. Start the dialed number with 00 and terminate it with #. If you are calling another BGAN unit, you need to dial 00 then the 870 number and then # to initiate the call.

To dial, prefix the international number with 00 and terminate with #. For example, to dial a number in the USA, enter: 0018005551234# (00 + Country code + phone number + #)

**External Antenna**

The UT terminal has an external antenna port that can be used to connect compatible mobile antennas for Class 10 and Class 11 so that they can be used with the terminal to get comms-on-the-move. Note that HDR streaming QoS is **not** supported with the Class 10 and 11 antennas.
Coverage Map

The Inmarsat BGAN service is operated with 4 satellites as shown below. The terminal will perform best in areas where the elevation (or “look”) angle is 20 degrees above horizontal or higher, but the terminal can operate down to 5 degrees of look angle.

Operation in the I-4 MEAS footprint

I-4 MEAS has a cutout area in its coverage over China and nearby parts of Asia. In this area, I-4 Asia Pacific (APAC) must be used even if MEAS is closer.
Operation in the Russian Federation

In the Territory and National Waters of the Russian Federation covered by the three Regional I-4 MEAS Beams shown below, end-users must select MEAS rather than Alphasat (EMEA) or I-4 Asia Pacific (APAC), even if one of these satellites is closer. In areas within the Russian Federation, but not covered by the I-4 MEAS satellite, use I-4 Asia Pacific (APAC).
Using the LCD and Keypad

LCD Display and Keypad

The terminal has an LCD display that provides status information about the terminal. It has a four-button keypad that allows you to control the operational features of the terminal without the need of a PC or a web browser. It also includes control of an audible pointing aid (speaker) that is integrated into the terminal.

The figure below shows the layout of the LCD and keypad.

UT Front Panel (descriptive text above panel refers to if user performs a long (> 2 sec) press; text below panel refers to a short (< 2 sec) press). Short pressing the Accept button enters the Menu System.

Terminal Buttons

The UT provides four buttons for the user. Each button has two primary functions, one invoked with a short press and the other invoked with a long press. The top icon associated with a button is the long press function. The bottom icon associated with a button is the short press function.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button Name</th>
<th>Short Press</th>
<th>Long Press</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User / WiFi</td>
<td>Selects the user to display</td>
<td>Turns WiFi on/off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back / Cancel</td>
<td>Up one level in menu</td>
<td>Exit pointing; Cancel to top menu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accept / Power</td>
<td>Enters menu and confirms selection</td>
<td>Power on/off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scroll / Audio</td>
<td>Scrolls through a menu or screen message</td>
<td>Audio on/off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A “short press” is any keypress less than two seconds.
A “*long press*” is any keypress that is two seconds or greater.

An “*extra long press*” of more than five seconds of the power button will cause a hardware-enforced power down.

Any button press starts or restarts the (configurable) backlight time period, even if it has no function in the current context.

In Release 6.0.0.6 and above you can **reset to factory defaults** if the “Cancel” (X) button is depressed while powering off. Press and hold the “Cancel” button and then press and hold the power button until “Powering Off” is displayed, then release both buttons.

---

**LCD Status Display**

**Pointing mode display**

By default, at power up the LCD shows the pointing display. The upper line alternates between “Pointing” and the compass bearing and elevation angle of the closest satellite. In the picture below, the satellite bearing is South-South East (SSE) and the elevation angle to the satellite is 46 degrees.

The lower line displays the received signal quality, expressed as a number in tenths of a dB. In pointing mode typical values are 52.0 to 55.0. The higher dB value that you can get, the better.

---

**Audible pointing indicator**

A buzzer provides an audible representation of the signal quality during antenna pointing. When turned on, the indicator emits pointing tones that increase in tempo and pitch as the signal strength increases. If the satellite is not found, one tone is followed by a pause. The indicator always defaults to off when the unit powers on.

Use a long press of the Audio button to toggle the audio pointing indicator on and off.
Exit Pointing and Registering with the network

Once you have accurately pointed the unit to the satellite, exit pointing by a long press of the Back/Cancel button. This will cause the unit to attempt to register with the BGAN network (note: if audible pointing tones were enabled during pointing, they will automatically turn off once you attempt to register).

Idle mode display

Once the unit exits pointing, it will automatically attempt to register with the network. During this operation it displays “Registering” on the upper line of the LCD.

Once it registers and is ready for PDP contexts, it displays “Ready” on the upper line.

Once it is ready for voice calls, it displays the globe icon (see below).

If user equipment is connected (via Ethernet and/or Wireless LAN), the lower line will display “ADDR:” plus the last octet of the IP address of the currently selected user terminal (the currently selected terminal’s data connection rate is shown on the upper line, if connected). If multiple devices are attached, you can “walk through” the others by consecutively pressing the User button – this means you can set-up/tear-down individual PDP contexts for each connected device directly from the front panel (no need to use the Web UI).

The signal quality is shown as a number in the right corner of the lower line; typical values in idle mode are 56 to 60.

Connection mode display

When a PDP context is active, the type of connection is displayed on the upper line: “Standard”, “Stream 32k”, etc.
The lower line displays the “ADDR:” information and the current signal level as described above.

While in an active PDP context, typical signal level values are 66 to 71. However, if no data is sent or received for 90 seconds, the unit may return to the regional beam and the signal quality will drop to the idle mode range of 56 to 60. However, the PDP context will remain active.

**Status messages**

The upper line of the LCD is used for status messages and menu items. Status messages are listed below.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HUGHES 9211 HUGHES 9202 Initializing</td>
<td>On screen during power up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powering Off</td>
<td>Displayed while the UT is powering down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Too Hot</td>
<td>Unit is too hot; if not corrected, a temporary thermal shutdown may occur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery Hot</td>
<td>Battery is too hot; reduce temperature or turn off unit to avoid damage to the battery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIM Error</td>
<td>SIM communication error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No SIM</td>
<td>No SIM is detected in the UT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIM Blocked</td>
<td>The SIM is blocked due to too many SIM PIN attempts. Enter the PUK via the Web UI or LaunchPad to clear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter PIN</td>
<td>A SIM PIN code is needed (this can be entered via the front panel buttons)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;#&gt; tries left</td>
<td># of SIM PIN attempts left before the SIM is blocked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fault {code/text}</td>
<td>A hardware fault exists preventing normal operation. Scrollable text is displayed. Use the right button to view the scrollable text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{quick text}</td>
<td>Special messages displayed for ~15 seconds or until the next button press, see Table 3 for the list of possible messages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pointing</td>
<td>In pointing mode, this message alternates with satellite bearing and elevation on a 3 second cycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registering</td>
<td>Displayed during the registration process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPS Old</td>
<td>GPS is too old, obtain a fresh GPS location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready</td>
<td>Registration was successful, and the unit is PS attached</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>Standard (best effort) PDP context is active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stream {rate}K</td>
<td>Streaming PDP context is active. Current streaming rate is listed: for example: (rate) = 32, 64, 128, HDR, etc. (depends on UT Class)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conn Fail: {code/text}</td>
<td>A problem occurred during context activation. Scrollable text is displayed. Use the right (scroll) button to view the scrollable text. Press the left (user) button to clear the message (see the Troubleshooting section for more information). This can be caused by service subscription problems, using the wrong APN or invalid APN username/password. Check the APN and username/password on the Web UI. Failing that, contact your Service Provider to check the subscription.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1: Status Messages

Examples:

![Powering Off](image1)

![Activating](image2)
Menu Navigation

From the status display, a short press of the **Accept** button takes the display to menu mode and displays the first of a circular list of menu items. The menu structure is shown in Table 2 below.

Use the **Scroll** button to scroll between options and the **Accept** button to select options. A short press of the **Back** button takes the user up one level in the menu and a long press exits the menu system and returns to the status display.

The status display is the default display, so after 30 seconds of inactivity while in the menu system, the unit automatically reverts to the status display.

Pressing the **Accept** button in the menu takes the display to the sub-menu for that option, or, at the lowest level, it selects the menu option, if applicable. When entering a submenu containing a list of parameter values/choices, such as connection types, the currently set choice is displayed.

Alternative parameters values can then be accessed by pressing the **Scroll** button; these flash until selected, and then remain on and steady to confirm they have been selected.

Note that configuration and status information shown in the menu context refers to the currently selected user TE. The user can change the selected user TE while in the menu system via the **User** button. This changes the displayed menu item as needed to reflect the newly-selected TE.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 1</th>
<th>Level 2</th>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Level 4</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Connection</strong></td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Starts display with the current setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>32 Kbps</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>64 Kbps</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>128 Kbps</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>X-Stream</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X-Stream and HDR are for the 9211 only; 256 Kbps is possible only with C10 external antennas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1/2 HDR</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HDR/64</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HDR/128</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HDR/X-Strm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Disconnect</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Information</strong></td>
<td>SMS</td>
<td># New Msgs or No New Msgs</td>
<td></td>
<td>New message count</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Latitude) or Blocked</td>
<td></td>
<td>13.32861° N format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Longitude) or Blocked</td>
<td></td>
<td>23.45833° E format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GPS</td>
<td>Global IP or Disconnected</td>
<td>(IP Address)</td>
<td>Shows Global IP address for the selected TE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>APN</td>
<td>(APN string)</td>
<td>Displays info about the UT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Local Gateway Address</td>
<td>(192.168.128.100)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Terminal</strong></td>
<td>Version</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IMEI</td>
<td>(IMEI)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IMSI</td>
<td>(IMSI)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Configure</strong></td>
<td>Pointing</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td></td>
<td>Starts display with the current setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bypass</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Backlight</td>
<td>30 seconds</td>
<td></td>
<td>Controls backlight setting. Starts display with the current setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>120 seconds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>On</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Off</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WiFi</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td></td>
<td>Starts display with the current setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LCD</td>
<td>Level 1/5</td>
<td></td>
<td>Adjusts LCD contrast immediately to displayed level. Starts with current level. Accept button confirms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Level 2/5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Level 3/5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Level 4/5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Level 5/5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Send Text</strong></td>
<td>Emergency</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Sends predefined SMS with GPS fix lat/long. Displays &quot;Sending SMS&quot; and &quot;SMS Sent&quot; when complete.  You must configure the default destination for these messages from the SMS Settings web page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Need Help</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All OK</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Need PickUp</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Running Late</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: LCD Menu Structure
Display Icons

Battery Icon

The battery icon displays the estimated life of the battery while under battery power. The battery icon also displays the charging state while under external power.

Three segments: 75% to full
Two segments: 50% to 74%
One segment: 25% to 49%
Zero segments: 10% to 24%
Zero segments, flashing: 0% to 9%
If the icon is off, no battery has been detected.

Power Icon

The power icon displays the state of the external power input.
On if external power is connected.
Off if external power is disconnected.

GPS Icon

The GPS icon indicates the state of the GPS information in the terminal.
The icon flashes after power up until a fresh GPS fix is obtained.
The GPS icon stops flashing when the terminal has a new fix.

Satellite Icons

The satellite icons, located next to the GPS icon, indicate the status of the GPS receiver in the terminal and the number of visible satellites.
The icons are off when the GPS receiver is off.
The icons are active when the GPS receiver is on, either flashing or steady state. The number of icons in steady state indicates the number of GPS satellites in view. You will need all three on solid to acquire a new GPS fix. Note that once an adequate GPS fix is obtained, both the GPS receiver and all of the satellite icons are turned off, but the GPS icon remains on solidly.
Wireless LAN Icon

The wireless LAN icon displays the state of the WLAN feature.
No icon on LCD if Wireless LAN operation is turned off.
Visible wireless LAN icon on LCD if Wireless LAN is on.

Wireless LAN Lock Icon

The lock icon displays the state of encryption for the WLAN feature. It is displayed only if the Wireless LAN is on and WLAN encryption is turned on.

Globe ICON

The globe icon displays the circuit-switched attach status of the terminal.
No icon on LCD if not CS attached to the network: no circuit-switched calls possible.
Visible globe icon on LCD if CS attached: ready for calls.

SIM PIN entry

If the SIM PIN is enabled, the PIN must be entered before the UT can be used. This can be entered via the Web UI, LaunchPad, or the front-panel keypad.

The upper row of the LCD displays “Enter PIN” while the lower row is used for PIN entry.

The cursor flashes under the current digit location.
A short press of the Scroll button cycles the current digit 0 – 9.
A short press of the Accept button advances to the next digit. When the 4th digit is entered, pressing Accept enters the PIN.
A short press of the Back button moves the cursor back to the previous digit.

When PIN entry is complete, the UT confirms the correct PIN has been entered. If it is correct, it proceeds with the normal display. If it is incorrect, it displays “<#> tries left” on the display, where “#” is the number of attempts remaining prior to the SIM being blocked.
Multiple Users

Multiple TEs can be connected to the UT, e.g. via the wireless LAN interface or if an external hub or switch is used. To use the menu and keypad to control connections for all the TEs, short press (< 2 seconds) the User button and the display will cycle through the IP addresses of the connected TEs.

To activate a context for a particular TE, press the User button until the correct IP address is displayed, and then press the Accept button to enter the menu and control the PDP context.

Information Messages

The following table shows possible error and status messages with explanations and suggested actions. Most of these messages will self-clear after 15 seconds, or can be cleared immediately by pressing any button on the front panel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>When setting up contexts from the menu, these messages are possible:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MustDeact1st</td>
<td>There is already a context up for this TE, deactivate it before setting up a new one</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deact;TryAgn</td>
<td>UT is in the process of deactivating a context, try setting up the context a short time later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NotPSAttachd</td>
<td>UT is currently not PS attached, context setup is not possible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No TE Found</td>
<td>There is no TE currently connected/identified by the UT as available for data traffic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activating</td>
<td>The UT is now attempting to establish the requested context; this message appears until the context is setup or an error is detected</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>When taking down contexts from the menu, these messages are possible:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deactivating</td>
<td>The context is being deactivated; this message appears until the context is deactivated or an error is detected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NoCntxtActiv</td>
<td>The TE for which context deactivation is being requested doesn’t have a context setup at this time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>When sending SMS messages from the menu, these are possible:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NotCSAttachd</td>
<td>The UT is currently not CS attached, so it cannot send an SMS message at this time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sending SMS</td>
<td>The UT is sending the requested SMS message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS Sent</td>
<td>The UT has sent the requested SMS message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS Failed</td>
<td>The UT failed to send the requested SMS message</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If in pointing mode, this message is possible on the LCD:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Insert SIM</td>
<td>There was no SIM detected; pointing can still continue, but once complete, &quot;No SIM&quot; will appear permanently and only emergency calls can be made (this message remains on for about 1 minute, then self-clears)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
At any time during operation, this message is possible on the LCD:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Message</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Battery Low</td>
<td>The battery is extremely low. Plug in the DC cord to avoid automatic power off when the battery level becomes critical. This message persists until the condition has been corrected or a button is pressed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

During startup, one of these messages is possible on the LCD:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Message</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internal Ant</td>
<td>The UT is using the built-in (internal) antenna for communication with the satellite.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Ant</td>
<td>The UT is using the externally-connected antenna for communication with the satellite.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AntClsChgRbt</td>
<td>The UT detected an antenna class change and must reboot to reconfigure itself correctly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3: Quick-Text Status Message Descriptions
Using the Web UI

Accessing the Web UI

The UT includes its own internal Web User Interface (“Web UI”). To access the Web UI, open your favorite Web Browser and type in the internal IP address of the UT, e.g. http://192.168.128.100. The Web UI opens up to the Home or Terminal Status Page as shown below.

Note: the product number in the top left will be 9202 for the 9202M.

Note: the screen shots shown are from Release 6.0.0.6 and they will look slightly different in older releases.
**Home Page**

The Home “tab”/page shows the current terminal status and allows you to setup your initial data connection.

On the left side of the page is the Status bar. These items are updated automatically when the status of any item changes.

1. **Connection**: This field indicates whether you are registered with the network. It also shows the PS and CS status, beam type, satellite acquired and receive signal quality.
   
a. **Packet-Switched (PS) Attach Status**: This field indicates whether you are PS attached with the network. Once PS attached, in most cases you will still need to setup a PDP context to send PS data.

   b. **Circuit-Switched (CS) Attach Status**: This indicates whether you are CS attached with the network. Once you are CS Attached and Registered with the network, you can make CS calls and send SMS messages.

2. **GPS**: This field displays the current GPS position status. If you have received a GPS fix and the network GPS policy has been received (and it allows the GPS position to be shown to the user), it will display the Latitude, Longitude, Fix Quality, and the Last time the GPS position was updated. Time displayed is UTC time. If the location is shown as “Waiting” it means the unit has a fix but cannot yet display it because it is waiting for the GPS display policy from the network.

3. **BGAN terminal**: This field indicates the WLAN and battery/charging status.

4. **Antenna Unit**: This field identifies the type of antenna connected (internal or external); if external, it gives more status information about the antenna’s current state.

The sample Home page above shows what appears while the UT is in antenna pointing mode. Once antenna pointing is complete, and you have successfully registered with the satellite network, the middle of the page updates. In the middle of the page you will find the following items (refer to screenshot below):

**Current Connection** field allows you to activate data connections for your TE. You can activate a Standard connection or a Streaming connection. For streaming connections use the drop-down box to select the data rate for the stream.
**Connect using APN** field allows you to control the APN used for the connection.

**Details** show the status of the connection for this TE.

**Visible Satellites** shows the satellites visible from your current location and the pointing information.

The following figure shows how the UI looks before you activate a Standard or Streaming connection. After the connection is setup, use the **Disconnect** button to deactivate your connection.
Connections

Along the top of all Web UI pages are “tabs”/icons representing the categories of available sub-pages. The Connections icon has three main configuration areas (sub-pages) to select from: Manage Contexts, Automatic Contexts, and Manage APNs. The following section reviews each of these pages.
**Manage Contexts**

The **Manage Contexts** Page under the **Connections** icon allows the user to setup and configure PDP contexts (data connections) for *any* TE that is connected to the UT. It also shows you all current Active Connections.

**Open a New Connection** field - To open a new connection, select the desired row and enter the required data:

- **Owner** – Your current IP address is shown by default (e.g., .101), but you can change it to control connections for any other device connected to the terminal. The page automatically displays entries for all detected devices and these entries can be selected to activate connections for those devices.

- **Service** - Select the service that you want by clicking on the down arrow. The drop-down list shows all the different QoS types: Standard, Streaming 32K, Streaming 64K, Streaming 128K, X-Stream, ½ HDR and HDR variants (X-Stream and HDR variants are for the 9211 only). Select the appropriate service required.
Note: the HDR variants/options are asymmetric; they have HDR for the uplink, but the downlink uses the normal streaming rates.

APN - The APN is read from the SIM card, but if you have other APNs defined (refer to the Manage APNs Page), you can use the down arrow to select a different APN.

Username/Password: Some Service Providers require a username and password to be used when setting up a connection. This is often required when using Static Global IP addresses assigned by the Service Provider. If this information is required, a “pop-up” dialog will appear once you select the APN. These fields may also be entered when defining a new APN or when you select a different APN.

Once everything is defined correctly, click on the Open Selected Connection button. If the requested PDP context is successfully established, the new context information will appear in the Close an Active Connection field above.

Close an Active Connection field - In the upper field, all active connections are shown and you can select and close any of these connections unless an Administration Password has been enabled. See the Security Section for more information about the administration password.
Automatic Contexts

This web page allows you to use Automatic Context Activation (ACA) for multiple devices (the M2M Page Always On context can be used if you only require a single context). The ACA Page is not available in NAPT or PPPoE modes.

This web page allows you to use Automatic Context Activation (ACA) in two different ways:

- One way is to use Static IP addresses in the TE device so you can establish an automatic PDP context with any QoS that is offered by the network (upper half of the web page).
- The second way is to use DHCP IP addresses so you can establish an automatic standard PDP context for any TE that connects via DHCP to the UT (lower part of the web page).
- There are also two ways to set the ACA whether you choose Static or DHCP. You can choose whether the context should be activated as soon as the UT detects the device (“ON”), or if the context should only be activated when the TE attempts to send data to the satellite link (“Data”):
  - “Always ON”: Select ON in the drop-down menu if you want the context to be On all the time.
Using the Web UI

Static IP Automatic Contexts: You can configure your own range of Static IP addresses and QoS’s to use with a static automatic context.

To turn on a particular range of static addresses, select “On” or “Data” from the drop-down list and choose a range of addresses, low and high, to use (e.g. 192.168.128.200 to 192.168.128.202) or you can leave the defaults (192.168.128.200 to 192.168.128.209).

If the ACA hi and low IP addresses are the same and the ACA is set to "ON", then the UT will activate the PDP context at startup without waiting for any IP packet from the local device. This allows contexts to be set up for devices that do not ARP. Also, you can use an IP address in the DHCP range so you can control the APN plus username/password that is used for a particular Local IP address. This is useful when using Global Static IP addresses that are to be assigned to particular local devices.

Next, select the desired QoS for that range of IP addresses (e.g. Standard). The APN listed is the default APN read from the SIM card (bgan.inmarsat.com). If your SIM is provisioned for more than one APN, then you can select a secondary APN from the drop-down list (also refer to the Manage APNs Page).

If you want to setup additional ranges of addresses, please follow the same instructions as above.

NOTICE

You cannot overlap the IP address ranges. If you do, an error message will pop-up telling you that you have an overlap conflict. Check all the ranges for overlaps and try again.

When you are finished, click on Update Static Settings and you should see a message saying, “Operation Successful”.

DHCP Automatic Contexts: This option allows you to set up the UT for dynamic standard ACA. This means that any device

NOTICE

When using “Data” ACA, if the context is ever deactivated, it will be reactivated when more data is sent.

The “On” option will always reactivate the context if it is deactivated, even if data is not sent by the TE.
connected to the UT via DHCP, whether wired or wirelessly, will automatically receive a standard context. **Note:** Streaming contexts are not supported with DHCP ACA. For Streaming contexts, you must use Static ACA, described above.

To activate this feature, select “On” or “Data” from the drop-down list under the DHCP Automatic Contexts section. The DHCP address range is configured on the IP Address/DHCP Settings Page. The APN will be the default APN configured on the Manage APNs Page.

Once you hit “Update Static Settings” you will get a pop-up message saying that the ACA settings were updated successfully and for the changes to take effect you will have to reboot the terminal.

Once you reboot the terminal, check that the settings took effect.

To see if the context has been setup properly, click on the Connections tab>Manage Contexts Page and this will show you all contexts that have been setup (active or inactive).
Manage APNs

Some SIM cards are provisioned with multiple APNs, so you can use this page to pre-configure those additional APNs if needed. Once an APN is defined, you can select it from drop-down lists on other pages without having to put in the username and password every time.

Add an APN field – Use this field to add an additional APN that you want to use, or to edit an existing APN. For adding a new APN, type in the new APN and username (if required) then select Add New APN. If the APN requires a password, select the “APN Requires Password” box. If you want to save the password so you don’t have to re-type it each time you configure a PDP context for that APN, check the “Remember my Password” box and then click the Add New APN button (the username is always saved if entered). The new APN name will show up in the Defined APNs field with the username in parentheses. This APN will now be available to use from any APN drop-down menu.
User Name /Password: Some Service Providers require a username and/or password to be used when setting up a connection. This is often required when using Static Global IP addresses assigned by the Service Provider.

If you wish to edit an existing APN, first select the APN to edit under the Defined APNs section on the left. The information for that APN will then appear in the Add an APN field to the right, and you can then edit it. Click the Save Changes button to save your changes.

Make Default. If you wish to change the default APN, select an entry in the list of Defined APNs and then click Make Default. This APN will now be the default APN on the other context control pages. Note: The pop-up message below warns you that APN’s have been updated and changed and to re-check your settings.
You can manage SMS text messages from the SMS Pages. You must have a valid Service Center number configured in order to send SMS messages – see the SMS Settings Page.

Send/Receive

The Send/Receive Page allows you to view your Inbox messages and Compose a new message. If there are more than 10 messages, you can view the older ones by changing the page number. You can also reply to received messages or forward them to another number.

You may need to periodically delete messages to prevent the SIM from filling up, which will prevent the receipt of new messages. Select a single message by checking the box next to it and pressing the Delete Checked button. To delete multiple messages, just select the check box next to each message.

After composing a message, you can save it to drafts rather than sending it, by pressing the Save button.
Saved Drafts

The Saved Drafts Page allows you to view previously saved messages. After editing a message, you can resave (Save) or send the message (Send). You can also compose a message from this page.
Sent Messages

The **Sent Messages** Page allows you to view previously sent messages. Again, you may need to periodically delete messages to prevent the SIM from filling up. You can also compose a new message from this page.
SMS Settings

On the SMS Settings Page you can configure the default settings for messages.

**NOTICE**

You must have a valid Service Center number configured to send SMS messages. The default Service Center number is +870772001799.

In the **Remote SMS Feature** section, you can enable the unit to receive and act on special “remote control” SMS messages. Contact your Service Provider for more information on this feature.

You can configure the password that must be contained in remote control SMS messages. Be sure to make a note of the password if you change it from the default. **Note:** If you activate this feature and do not change the password, it is possible that other people may be able to send control messages to your unit.

Remote control messages will be deleted after they are received and will not be stored in the SIM.

The **Default SMS destination** is the SMS address that is used when sending any of the pre-defined text messages from the keypad (see Menu Navigation on page 22).
Settings Page

General Setup

This page allows the user to configure various parameters of the UT. A description of each item follows:

**Terminal Startup** – by default, “Bypass Antenna Pointing” is not selected, but if the terminal is permanently mounted, you can select this option to bypass antenna pointing on subsequent power-ups. For permanent installs you can also configure the unit to “Always power on when mains is connected” to avoid having to use the power button.

**Connection**: this field controls the satellites the UT will try to connect to. With the default “Automatic” selection it will search for all satellites. If an individual satellite is selected the UT will only search for and use the selected satellite.

**Streaming** – By enabling this parameter, the user can turn on a timer for inactivity on streaming connections. The timer is in either seconds or minutes and will tear down a streaming context after X seconds or minutes of inactivity.
**Emergency Call Numbers:** Allows the user to add the emergency call number that is applicable in the part of the world where the terminal is being used, if it is not already defined.

**IP Address/DHCP Settings**

**Terminal Local IP Address:** This section allows the user to change the Local IP address of the terminal from the default 192.168.128.100 IP address. All four octets are available to change. Once the Local IP address is changed on this page and applied, the IP address ranges for the DHCP server, the Manage Context Page, and the ACA Page will also be changed automatically.

---

Updates to the IP address will **not** take effect until the UT is **rebooted**.

**Subnet Mask Range:** (Release 6.0.0.5 and above) only used in PPPoE mode. If two BGAN terminals are connected to the NSD, set this field to 255.255.255.128
**Default route IP address:** (Release 6.0.0.5 and above) only used in PPPoE mode. Use with the NSD when the TE local subnet is different from the UT subnet.

**DHCP Server:** allows the DHCP server in the UT to be turned on or off by checking the “Enable” box.

**DHCP Address Range:** This allows the user to set the range of DHCP addresses that are given out by the UT to connected TE(s).

**Lease Time when Idle:** The Idle-mode DHCP Lease Time refers to the DHCP lease time when the UT is not connected to the network. This parameter allows the user to change the default time (60 seconds) that the DHCP lease to the TE is good for. This parameter was introduced because of problems with some devices that will not accept a short DHCP lease time.

**NOTICE**

The longer the Idle-mode DHCP lease time, the longer it will take the network/UT to update the TE with the correct DNS servers for web browsing after establishing a data context.

**Lease Time when Connected:** The Connected-mode DHCP Lease Time refers to the DHCP lease time when the UT is connected to the network. Most users will have no need to change this parameter.

**Network Operating Mode:** The Netmode field indicates the mode of operation of the terminal. In **NAT Mode**, the UT will translate between the Local and Global IP addresses. In **Relay Mode**, the UT will supply the Global IP address to the TE once a PDP Context is established. Relay Mode is single user/single PDP Context mode, and only supports a single connected TE.

In 6.0.0.4 and above, **NAPT Mode** is also available; see below. In 6.0.0.5 and above PPPoE is added, see below.

**Note:** Updates to this field will not take effect until the UT is restarted.

**NAT Mode**

In **NAT mode**, once a PDP context is active, the UT will translate between the Local and Global IP addresses. This is a basic NAT that only performs IP address translation. It does not use port translation.

**Relay Mode**

In **Relay mode**, the UT will supply the Global IP address to the TE when the context is established. Relay mode is a single user mode, as it only supports a single connected TE.
In Relay mode, DHCP is required to provide the Global IP address to the TE. When the context is activated, the DHCP server in the UT will NACK the next DHCP lease renewal from the TE and assign the Global IP address assigned by the network. The local IP connection will be torn down and reestablished as the IP address changes. Similarly, when the context is deactivated, the DHCP server will NACK the lease renewal and then reassign the original private IP address. LaunchPad and the Web UI will lose and reestablish their connections to the terminal as the IP address is changed. To make the IP address change happen quickly, a short DHCP lease should be used. The terminal defaults the DHCP lease time to 60 seconds in idle and connected mode.

**NOTICE**

Relay mode only supports a single user TE.

**NAPT Mode**

In **NAPT mode** (6.0.0.4 and above), multiple devices connected via a hub or switch share a single PDP context. The port translating NAT modifies both IP addresses and port numbers so multiple devices can share the single Global IP address assigned to the PDP context.

In NAPT mode, only a single context is supported. By default, an Always On Context is activated. The ACA Page is removed. A **Port Forwarding** Page is added under **Settings**, and it can be used to configure the DMZ and Port Forwarding parameters.

**PPPoE Mode**

In **PPPoE mode** (Release 6.0.0.5 and above) the UT uses PPP over Ethernet to communicate with the TEs. PPP sessions are mapped to PDP contexts. PPPoE mode is primarily designed to operate as a backup path for the Inmarsat Network Service Device (NSD). Refer to the Inmarsat NSD documentation for details.

The NSD requires the UT to be configured for 10BaseT Full Duplex. Select the NSD mode check box when using PPPoE mode with an NSD. If PPPoE is used with another device that is not hard configured for full duplex, leave the box unchecked.

With the NSD you typically set the UT IP address to 192.168.0.1 on the IP Settings Page. If two BGAN terminals are connected to the NSD, set the subnet mask to 255.255.255.128 on both UTs and set the IP address of the second UT to 192.168.0.129.
If the TEs use a subnet other than the directly-connected interface range, configure a default route on the IP Settings Page so that the Web UI can be accessed. The default route will be in the subnet associated with the TE Ethernet interface.

See picture below for typical PPPoE configuration with the NSD.

If you need to reconfigure a UT out of PPPoE mode back to NAT mode, it may be easiest to first Reset Factory Defaults from the Support Page.

Note that in PPPoE mode, you can access the Web UI via WLAN, but you can’t activate contexts or send data over the spacelink.
Port Forwarding Page

The Port Forwarding Page is only available in NAPT mode. It includes:

- **DMZ** – if enabled, all packets received from the spacelink that are not routed to other addresses will be forwarded to the DMZ host address.
- **Port Forwarding Rules** – these fields allow you to configure rules defining how packets of particular protocols are routed, e.g. TCP port 80 for HTTP. Port Forwarding rules are applied before the DMZ rule.
Wireless LAN

The Wireless LAN Settings Page allows the user to enable, disable, and configure the Wireless LAN functionality of the terminal.

The Wireless LAN Security is controlled on a separate web page (WLAN Security).

Note: If you have not previously used the terminal’s WLAN interface, it has to first be enabled from this page using a computer connected to the terminal using an Ethernet connection (or use the terminal buttons – see page 17). Once WLAN is enabled and configured, TEs can connect to the terminal wirelessly.

Fields on this page include:

Enable Wireless LAN Interface: Turns the Wireless LAN interface on/off. The default is off (unchecked).

Network Name (SSID): The default is “Hughes 9211” or “Hughes 9202”, but you can change it to whatever you want.

Network Region: There is only one region for all countries.

Network Channel: This controls the radio channel number (1 through 11) used by the access point. To meet FCC regulations, channels 12 to 14 are not supported.

If performance issues occur over the WLAN interface, changing the Channel may help.
This page allows the user to configure WPA or WPA2 Security for use when the terminal is communicating wirelessly to TEs. Additionally, you can enable MAC Address Filtering so that only the MAC addresses that you select can connect to the terminal. A maximum of ten (10) addresses can be filtered.

For the field, **Secure the Wireless Network using**, select from the down arrow, **No protection, WPA** or **WPA2**.

For WPA and WPA2, define an 8 to 63 character passphrase.

**MAC Address Filtering**
Check the box to **Enable MAC Address Filtering**
If any TE is already connected to the terminal wirelessly, the MAC address of that TE will be detected and show up in the **Add a Detected Device** field.

To add the detected MAC address, click on the address to highlight it and then click **Add**. It will now show up in the **Allowed MAC Address** field.

To add a MAC Address manually, fill in the box next to the **Add** button with the desired MAC Address, then click **Add**.
Telephony Settings:

**Analog Power Savings:** This field turns off the 48V POTS supply voltage between calls to save power. If you do not get a dial tone a few seconds after you take your analog handset off hook, try changing this field to “Disable (Always on)”. The 48V will always be On so the terminal will work with a wider range of handsets, but the operating time on battery will be reduced.

**Route incoming 3.1kHz/fax calls to:** By default, incoming 3.1kHz/fax calls are routed to the second RJ11 port on the RJ14 connector. However, if you have a device that supports both voice and 3.1kHz/fax on a single line, you can configure the RJ14 port to support both services on Line 1. Set this field to “RJ14 port 1” and simply connect the device directly to the RJ14 port with an RJ11 cable. With this setting in Analog telephony mode, all incoming calls are then routed to RJ14 Line 1. To initiate a 3.1kHz/fax call when connected to Line 1, add a 2* prefix in front of the dialed number (note: this works regardless of the setting on the Web page). For voice calls, no prefix is required, but the UT will accept a 1* prefix to indicate a voice call.
To receive incoming calls on Line 1, change the Route incoming 3.1KHz/fax calls parameter on the Telephony Settings Page to “RJ14 Line 1” using the drop-down menu.

General Telephony Settings:

Call Progress Tones: Two options are provided for call progress tones. Option 1 is the default tones used in the USA. Option 2 provides an alternative set of tones that are used in Brazil and some European countries.

With Option 2 the ringing voltage changes to 36V rms on 48V DC rather than just 48V rms AC.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Call Progress Tone</th>
<th>Option 1 (US)</th>
<th>Option 2 (Alternative)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Freq (Hz)</td>
<td>Cadence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dial</td>
<td>350 + 440</td>
<td>Steady ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ring Back</td>
<td>440 + 480</td>
<td>2 sec ON 4 sec OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Repeating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NetworkCongestion</td>
<td>480 + 620</td>
<td>0.25 sec ON 0.25 sec OFF Repeating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Busy</td>
<td>480 + 620</td>
<td>0.5 sec ON 0.5 sec OFF Repeating</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Security

You can configure three separate security settings on this page: 1) SIM PIN, 2) Phone to SIM PIN, and 3) Administration Password.

SIM PIN – this is a four-digit field that can be Enabled and configured by the user to secure the terminal against unwanted use. Once enabled, the terminal will require the SIM PIN at startup.

Phone to SIM PIN – use up to 5 digits to lock the terminal to the current SIM card. The Phone to SIM PIN code will have to be entered any time the SIM card is changed. The default password is 12345.

Administration Password – this configuration allows the user to prevent terminal settings from being changed once the terminal is configured properly. This password will have to be
entered before any settings can be changed. See screenshots below.

The Enter Administrator Password pop down screen appears the first time the user tries to edit a parameter if the Administrator password is enabled.
Features

You can enable special features from this page if there are any available.

**SMS Remote Management** is “Active” by default (and cannot be deactivated). It allows the unit to receive and act on special remote control SMS messages. It is fully compatible with Remote Terminal Manager (RTM) and supports over-air upgrades.

To use the SMS Remote Management feature, you must enable it on the **Remote Settings** SMS Page.
The M2M Page includes the following configurable parameters which can be useful when the terminal is used in a machine to machine or unmanned scenario:

**Ping Configuration:**

- Context Watchdog - On/Off. The watchdog can be used to periodically verify the UT network connectivity and take recovery action if a problem is detected.
- Primary Ping Address – enter an address pingable by the UT over the spacelink.
- Secondary Ping Address. If you don’t have a secondary address, you can configure the primary address in this field to give the UT more attempts to reach the server.
- Tertiary Ping Address
- Time between Pings. If the connected device sends or receives data on a periodic basis, set this time to be longer than the periodicity of the data.
• Ping required - Yes/No. If set to “No”, the system will not try to ping on timer expiration if data was transmitted within the watchdog period. This is the recommended setting.

**Always On Context:**

The always on context can be used for machine to machine or unmanned scenarios to automatically set up a PDP context. It also defaults to On in NAPT mode.

• Always on context - On/Off (default is Off)
• Always On Static IP address. If the TE has a known Static IP address or never ARPs, enter this address. Alternatively, leave the IP address blank (0.0.0.0) and the UT will set up a context for the first device it detects through ARP during startup.
• QoS drop-down box
• APN Config drop-down box
Usage Page

This web page provides an estimate of the amount of Packet-Switched data that was sent and received, along with time spent on streaming connections and CS calls. The data is broken up into two types:

**Trip Usage Statistics:** The trip counter is similar to the trip odometer on your vehicle. It can be zeroed out at any time by the user and it will track the statistics until the user resets it.

**Lifetime Usage Statistics:** The Lifetime counter is similar to the main odometer on your vehicle. It shows the statistics of the terminal since the software version that added this feature was loaded onto the UT. The user **cannot** reset these counters.

If the UT power is abruptly disconnected for some reason, the UT will not be able to save the statistics to flash and hence the statistics for the session (**Trip**) may be inaccurate.
Support Page

This web page allows you to display technical and support information about the terminal and retrieve logs.
Support and Information

Terminal Information
- **Model**: this displays the UT model number: 9211 or 9202M.
- **Class**: this indicates the UT Class.
- **IMEI**: This displays the IMEI (serial) number of the UT.
- **Software Version**: This displays the current version of software that is running on the UT.

SIM Information
- **IMSI**: This displays the IMSI number of the SIM card in the UT. If the IMSI is not displayed, it indicates that there is a problem reading the SIM card, e.g. because there is no SIM, it is installed incorrectly, or the correct SIM PIN must first be entered.
- **APN**: This is the APN read from the SIM card.
- **Subscriber Phone Number**: this field displays the MSISDN or phone number for the terminal’s voice service. The number is only displayed if the number was configured in the SIM by your Service Provider. Even if no number is shown, the service may still be active because this field is just for your information and is not required for the service to operate.

Terminal Support – contact information retrieved from the SIM card:
- Website
- Telephone
- E-Mail

Troubleshooting
- **Terminal Log Files**: This allows you to extract and save any of the following log files for troubleshooting purposes:
  - System Log
  - Event Log
  - Packet Log
  - Circuit Log
These files can be e-mailed to Hughes directly for fault analysis if the user experiences any problems.
Downloading of the terminal log files uses FTP to retrieve the files from the UT, which can be blocked by some security software such as McAfee. If you encounter problems, check your PC security settings.

When extracting files, clear the browser cache on the computer between each download or the browser may use a cached copy rather than downloading the latest version of the file.

Release 6.0.0.6 adds support for downloading files with the Chrome browser. It also adds a timestamp to the file name to avoid the caching problem mentioned above.

**Reset Terminal to Factory Defaults:** Clicking the “Restore to Defaults” button will restore the UT back to the factory default settings and delete any of the user parameters that have been set-up in the UT, including any custom APN settings.

In Release 6.0.0.6 and above you can also **Reset to Factory Defaults** if the “Cancel” (X) button is depressed while powering off. Press and hold the “Cancel” button and then press and hold the power button until “Powering Off” is displayed, then release both buttons.

**Reboot Terminal:** Clicking this button reboots the terminal so that configuration changes can be saved into the configuration file, or it can be clicked when just a simple reboot of the terminal is required.
In Release 6.0.0.6 the Web UI will detect when it is being accessed by a smart phone and adjust to optimize for the phone screen.

An icon bar at the bottom of the screen provides shortcuts to the other pages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon bar</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Signal Strength Icon" /></td>
<td>The bottom left icon shows the signal strength and when pressed, activates the status bar (see below).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Home Page Icon" /></td>
<td>Shortcut to the Home Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="PDP Contexts Page Icon" /></td>
<td>Shortcut to the PDP Contexts Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="SMS Page Icon" /></td>
<td>Shortcut to the SMS Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Menu Icon" /></td>
<td>The bottom right icon when pressed activates the menu to access all the other screens (see below).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Operation with Tracking Antenna

Overview

The 9211 and 9202M can be used with a Class 10 or 11 external antenna for use on the move.

**NOTICE**

The unit should be connected to a DC supply capable of at least 50W. The internal battery can only operate the external antenna for about an hour.

**NOTICE**

Power off the UT before connecting the external antenna.

Connect the 9505964-0001 adapter cable to the RF cable supplied with antenna and then to the UT external antenna port (next to the RJ14 POTS port on the left side of the terminal).

The UT will auto detect the antenna type at startup (also refer to the WebUI and startup LCD messages for confirmation). If the antenna has changed since the last power up, the UT will reboot and reconfigure itself.

In external antenna mode, the UT automatically bypasses manual pointing and attempts to register with the network.
Web UI Changes

The Web UI supports external antenna operation:

- The lower part of the status bar on the left of the Home Page provides information about the antenna.
- The Support Page shows the UT Class: Class 1 (9211) or 2 (9202M) with the internal antenna, or Class 10 or 11 when operating with an external tracking antenna.
- The General Setup Page (below) allows control of the satellite selection mode in the Connection field:
  o The default is Automatic or you can select a specific satellite so the UT will only use that satellite.
- The Web UI automatically changes the available streaming QoS options to match the antenna class:
  o Class 10: 32kbps, 64kbps, 128 kbps and 256 kbps (256 kbps only works when satellite elevation is greater than 45 degrees).
  o Class 11: 32kbps, 64kbps and 128 kbps.
- If the Antenna Unit field still shows “Internal”, power off the unit, check the RF connections, and power back up.
C10D Antenna Kit for 9211 and 9202M:
3501057-0001

C10 antenna kit includes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1504876-0001</td>
<td>C10 antenna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9504855-0002</td>
<td>mag mount set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3501053-0001</td>
<td>10m RF cable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9505964-0001</td>
<td>RF pigtail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C11D Antenna Kit for 9211 and 9202M:
3501058-0001

C11 antenna kit includes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1504875-0001</td>
<td>C11 antenna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3501152-0001</td>
<td>mag mount set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3501053-0001</td>
<td>10m RF cable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9505964-0001</td>
<td>RF pigtail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Possible Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Terminal will not turn on</td>
<td>Battery not connected properly</td>
<td>Check battery is correctly installed. Connect AC/DC adapter to charge the battery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Battery not charged</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cannot get SIM card to lock into position</td>
<td>SIM is not correctly oriented for insertion</td>
<td>Ensure the SIM is pressed firmly into the SIM slot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ensure the SIM is oriented as shown in the Setup section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The BGAN LaunchPad or Web UI will not connect to the terminal</td>
<td>No interface connection between the terminal and computer</td>
<td>Ensure there is a WLAN or Ethernet connection between the terminal and computer, see page 11.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Your computer is configured with a Static IP address in the wrong subnet. Default UT IP address is: 192.168.128.100</td>
<td>Check the IP configuration settings on your computer. Enable DHCP or use a Static IP address in the same subnet as the UT Local IP address. Default UT IP address is 192.168.128.100.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UT has unknown IP address and DHCP is turned off.</td>
<td>Power up the unit with the SIM card removed and it will turn on DHCP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminal is connected to the BGAN network, but cannot obtain the requested Quality of Service</td>
<td>Network temporarily not available</td>
<td>Retry again. If problem persists, contact your Service Provider. 256Kbps streaming is only supported when the 9211 or 9202M is operating as Class 10 and the “look angle” to the satellite is greater than 45 degrees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>User tried to set up a 256 Kbps streaming connection.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminal does not obtain a GPS fix</td>
<td>Terminal’s location limits visibility of 3 or more GPS satellites.</td>
<td>Move the terminal to a location where there are fewer obstructions such as trees or tall buildings, so that there is a clear view of the sky.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem</td>
<td>Possible Cause</td>
<td>Possible Solution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analog handset has no dial tone</td>
<td>Handset does not trigger the terminal’s off hook 4 circuitry</td>
<td>Disable “analog power savings” on the Telephony Settings Page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None of the above solutions resolve the problem</td>
<td>Terminal may have a hardware or software fault and needs to be re-booted.</td>
<td>Remove power. Wait 30 seconds. Reconnect the DC power and turn on the terminal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cannot access or control the unit</td>
<td>Forgotten admin password. Invalid configuration.</td>
<td>Reset to factory defaults: Press and hold the “Cancel” (X) button and then press and hold the power button until “Powering Off” is displayed, then release both buttons. Note this is only supported in Release 6.0.0.6 and above.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## PDP Context Activation Errors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CME error number</th>
<th>CME Error Text on LCD display or Web UI</th>
<th>Possible reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Invalid index</td>
<td>Problem in PDP context request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>No network service</td>
<td>Could be poor signal or signal blockage, or network problem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>Implicitly detached (#10)</td>
<td>Check attach and registration status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>Network failure (#17)</td>
<td>Could be problem accessing the network; or could be invalid streaming rate or too many streams requested.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>Congestion (#22)</td>
<td>Insufficient resources in the spot beam. Retry later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>Service option not supported (#32)</td>
<td>Invalid context parameters or subscription problem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>Requested service option not subscribed (#33)</td>
<td>Requested invalid APN or SIM subscription problem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>Service option temporarily out of order (#34)</td>
<td>Retry activating the context, then try rebooting the unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>No PDP context activated (#40)</td>
<td>Retry activating the context, then try rebooting the unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>PDP authentication failure</td>
<td>Could be invalid APN username or password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>Semantically incorrect message (#95)</td>
<td>Could be problem in TFT definition or PDP context request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>Invalid mandatory information (#96)</td>
<td>Problem in PDP context request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>Message type non-existent or not implemented (#97)</td>
<td>Problem in PDP context request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>Message type not compatible with the protocol state (#98)</td>
<td>Problem in PDP context request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>Information element non-existent or not implemented (#99)</td>
<td>Problem in PDP context request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td>Conditional IE error (#100)</td>
<td>Problem in PDP context request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>Message not compatible with the protocol state (#101)</td>
<td>Problem in PDP context request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>Protocol error, unspecified (#111)</td>
<td>Problem in PDP context request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92</td>
<td>Network access forbidden</td>
<td>Retry activating the context, then try rebooting the unit. Check the SIM card and SIM subscription.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Technology Overview

GPS

The Global Positioning System (GPS) uses 24 orbital satellites to determine the position of the Terminal anywhere on the globe.

Obtaining a GPS Fix

In normal operation, a GPS receiver, such as that built in to the terminal, needs to be able to receive signals from at least four satellites so that it can then calculate a latitude, a longitude and an altitude – this position fix is referred to as a 3-dimensional or 3-D fix. If only three GPS satellites can be seen by the GPS receiver, then the last available altitude measurement is assumed, and the GPS receiver calculates a position fix based on latitude and longitude only. This simpler position fix is referred to as a 2-dimensional or 2-D fix and is quicker and easier to obtain than a 3-D fix but may be less accurate.

The GPS receiver may take between a few seconds and a few minutes to obtain a GPS fix, depending on how frequently the GPS receiver is being used. The frequency of use determines how quickly the GPS Terminal can start.

- **Hot start** – if the GPS receiver is being used frequently, (that is, in the last two hours), it is regularly updated with data from the GPS satellites, and so only takes a few seconds to obtain a GPS fix after being switched on.
- **Warm start** – if a GPS receiver has not been used for more than two hours then it may take up to 45 seconds to obtain a GPS fix.
- **Cold start** – if the GPS receiver has not been used for some time or is 300 km or more from where it was last used, it can take a few minutes to obtain a valid position fix.

The time taken to obtain a valid GPS fix can also be affected by the visibility that the GPS receiver has of the GPS satellites. The GPS system is relatively tolerant of atmospheric conditions such as heavy cloud or rainfall. However, physical blockages, such as tall buildings or terrain can significantly degrade the ability of the GPS receiver to obtain a fix. For this reason, ensure that the GPS receiver has a clear view of as much open sky as possible.
GPS and BGAN Registration

BGAN uses the accurate position and timing information obtained from GPS to help ensure efficient registration of a BGAN Terminal with the BGAN network.

Dialing and Numbering

Dialing - As the BGAN numbering system follows the same pattern as the normal telephone system, dialing is carried out in exactly the same manner as making a normal telephone call. The subscriber number is used with the same international and area codes as any other telephone network. Start the dialed number with 00 and terminate it with #. If you are calling another BGAN unit, dial 00 + 870 number plus # to initiate the call.

Multi-Subscriber Numbering (MSN) - The BGAN SIM card has a master MS-ISDN number that is used for making voice calls and sending SMS messages to another BGAN terminal.

PDP Context

A Packet Data Protocol (PDP) Context defines connection aspects such as routing, Quality of Service (QoS), security and billing between a mobile user terminal, such as the BGAN Terminal, and a data network. PDP Contexts are essential to the General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) system, which is used by GSM and UMTS-based 3G networks worldwide for transmitting data.

For a user to be able to transfer data across a network, a PDP Context must be activated in the Terminal and associated Core Network. Once the terminal is registered and attached to the BGAN network, it can request a PDP context. The PDP context request specifies the desired Quality of Service (background or streaming) and the APN of the external network to which connectivity is requested. Assuming the request is valid and there are sufficient resources available, the network assigns the resources, including an IP address for the context.

A terminal may have multiple PDP Contexts, each with different QoS profiles, e.g. for different connected devices.
## 9211 Technical Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Satellite TX Frequency</td>
<td>1626.5 – 1660.5 MHz and 1668 – 1675 MHz&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satellite RX Frequency</td>
<td>1518 – 1559 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPS Frequency</td>
<td>1574.42 – 1576.42 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satellite EIRP (L-band Max Tx)</td>
<td>20 dBW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satellite Max Tx Power</td>
<td>37dBm (with a 13dBi antenna)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WLAN card Max Tx power</td>
<td>19dBm (79.43mW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WLAN antenna gain</td>
<td>0.9dBi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous transmit on HDR stream</td>
<td>Up to 2 hours&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous receive</td>
<td>Up to 4 hours&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standby Time</td>
<td>Up to 36 hours&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9211 Weight</td>
<td>2.0 Kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9211 Dimensions</td>
<td>232 mm x 292 mm x 51 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature (with DC supply)</td>
<td>-25°C to +55°C&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery Charging Temperature</td>
<td>0°C to +40°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Temperature (including battery)</td>
<td>-25°C to +60°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Temperature (excluding battery)</td>
<td>(-20°C to +20°C is recommended for longer battery life)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humidity</td>
<td>95% RH at +40°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wind (with stand secured to ground)</td>
<td>40kph (25mph)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water and Dust</td>
<td>IP 65 Compliant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-operational Mechanical Vibration</td>
<td>200-2000Hz, 0.3 m²/s³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MIL-SPEC 810B Method 500.3, Procedure 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Voltage</td>
<td>19V = 3.4A&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Connectivity</td>
<td>RJ45 port (Ethernet 100BaseT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RJ14 port (POTS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>802.11b/g/n WLAN</td>
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<td>Other Features</td>
<td>Integrated User Interface (iUI) via LCD panel</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Rechargeable Li-Ion battery</td>
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<td></td>
<td>¼ inch UNC threaded hole for tripod mounting</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compass to assist pointing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>External Antenna options</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Note:

1. Performance may be affected by a wide range of factors.
2. The Hughes 9211 broadband satellite terminal operates on DC power which can be supplied by an AC or DC power source. To comply with safety requirements, the terminal must be powered with only an AC/DC adapter or DC power adapter supplied or approved by Hughes.
3. Recommend using external battery or power source for continuous Tx above +40°C.
4. XL band 1668 – 1675 MHz operation available only within Alphasat I-4A F4 satellite coverage.
# 9202M Technical Specifications

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Satellite Max Tx Power</strong></td>
<td>33.3dBm (with a 11.8dBi antenna)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WLAN card Max Tx power</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WLAN antenna gain</strong></td>
<td>2.5dBi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continuous transmit on 128Kbps stream</strong></td>
<td>Up to 3.25 hours (^1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continuous receive</strong></td>
<td>Up to 5.5 hours (^1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Standby Time</strong></td>
<td>Up to 36 hours (^1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>9202M Weight</strong></td>
<td>1.4Kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>9202M Dimensions</strong></td>
<td>216 mm x 216 mm x 51 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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Regulatory Notices

EU Declaration of Conformity

Refer to www.bgan.hughes.com for the EU Declaration of Conformity.

FCC Compliance

- This device conforms to the FCC rules. Any changes or modifications to Hughes Network Systems’ equipment, not expressly approved by Hughes Network Systems, could void the user’s authority to operate the equipment.
- To comply with FCC RF exposure requirements, this device must be operated with a minimum separation distance of 20 cm or more from the WiFi antenna to a person’s body and one meter or more from the satellite antenna. Other operating configurations should be avoided.
- This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions; (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

EU WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) Directives


Unless otherwise noted, all products, assemblies, and sub-assemblies manufactured by Hughes and its sub-contractors will be compliant with this directive and any subsequent revisions or amendments. This product carries the WEEE label below to demonstrate compliance.

For additional information, contact Hughes Network Systems at: www.hughes.com
Glossary

APN: An Access Point Name (APN) provides access to an external network. By default, the SIM Card in your terminal is configured with the APN of your Service Provider. If your SIM subscription includes other APNs, e.g. for special services or to access other networks, you can configure the additional APNs from the Web UI.

BGAN Satellite Terminal: Referenced throughout this document as the Satellite Terminal, “The Terminal,” or UT. This device implements and manages BGAN satellite communications between your computer and Service Provider’s network.

Quality of Service: Quality of Service (QoS) assigns a level of priority to certain types of data traffic, in particular high bandwidth applications such as video and multimedia. QoS attempts to maintain a guaranteed throughput level, and minimize error rates and end-to-end latency, by providing a higher level of service than "best effort" protocols.

DNS Server: The Domain Name System (DNS) is an Internet service that is required because the Internet does not recognize the text-based Web address or email address that you type into your Web browser or email application. All or part of a Web address or an email address is a domain name, and DNS translates this domain name into an IP address that is recognized by the Internet.

A DNS Server holds a database of domain names and IP addresses, so that when you enter a Web address or email address, you are directed to the correct IP address over the Internet.

Ethernet: Ethernet is a local area networking method used widely throughout the computer industry. It is one of the two communications interfaces supported by the Satellite Terminal.

Fault Code: A number which uniquely references an error in a hardware or software system. In the Satellite Terminal, if there is a fault detected, the fault code and a description are displayed in suitable windows/screens.

GPS: Global Positioning System. The GPS receiver in the Satellite Terminal receives signals from the constellation of GPS satellites. It uses these signals to determine the Terminal’s location on earth. That location is used during registration to gain access to the BGAN system.
HDR: High Data Rate. The HDR streaming options in the 9211 use higher modulation techniques to achieve higher throughput in the uplink. They are asymmetric services and the downlink is a regular 64kbps, 128kbps, or X-Stream stream. These services are optimized for applications requiring high speed transmission, such as real-time video. Note: in Release 6.0.0.6, 128kbps and X-Stream options were added for the downlink.

IP Address: An Internet Protocol address, or IP address, is a number that uniquely identifies the computer accessible over a TCP/IP-based LAN or the Internet that is sending or receiving information. An IP address is a 32-bit numeric address written as four numbers, separated by periods and each number is between 0 and 255. For example, 207.115.79.4 is an IP address. In the BGAN system, IP addresses for the network and the TE can be Dynamic or Static.

Network Dynamic IP Address: A network Dynamic IP address is a temporary address that is assigned by your BGAN Service Provider when you connect to the BGAN network.

Network Static IP Address: If required, a Static IP address can be assigned by Service Providers to BGAN users when the SIM is provisioned. This Static IP address is used every time you connect to the BGAN network and is associated with a specific username and password.

DHCP Address: Local IP address that is assigned by the UT DHCP server to the TE once connected to the UT. This is a private IP address that is not routable within the Internet.

Terminal Local IP Address: IP address of the UT to access the Web UI and talk to the UT via LaunchPad. This address is configurable by the user. The default Local IP address of the terminal is 192.168.128.100.

Standard Connection: A standard connection is charged by volume of data sent. The bandwidth you are allocated depends on terminal type and network availability, but is always ‘best effort’, that is, you are allocated bandwidth depending on your requirements and the requirements of other users of the BGAN network, or BGAN Terminal. This connection class is suitable for most data types, other than multimedia.

Streaming: A streaming connection gives you a guaranteed data rate and is charged by the amount of time the connection is active. Streams are typically used for multimedia data, such as video.

TE (Terminal Equipment): Terminal equipment refers to the piece of equipment that is connected to the BGAN UT (e.g. laptop, video equipment, phone, etc.).
Traffic Flow Template: A Traffic Flow Template, also called an Application Template, is a series of data filters such as QoS (Quality of Service), PDP Context, and security settings that allow the Core Network to classify packets received from an external network into the correct PDP Context. When incoming data arrives at an access point in the Core Network, a packet classifier will make a PDP Context selection based on the Traffic Flow Template, and map the incoming data packets into the PDP Context with the correct QoS attributes. The use of a Traffic Flow Template allows multiple PDP Contexts to be associated with the same PDP address.

UT (User Terminal): The user terminal is the BGAN modem device, i.e. the Hughes 9211 or 9202M.

SIM Card: Your BGAN Service Provider supplies you with a Universal Mobile Telecommunications System Subscriber SIM (SIM) Card.

The SIM card is similar to the SIM Card that is commonly used in a GSM phone. The card holds a microchip that stores information and encrypts voice and data transmissions, making it extremely difficult to listen in on calls. The SIM Card also stores data that identifies the caller to the BGAN Service Provider.

Virtual Private Network: A Virtual Private Network (VPN) enables remote offices or users to gain secure access to their organization's network over the public telecommunications network. This provides the benefits of remote access without the expense of dedicated leased or owned lines. VPNs work by using tunneling protocols, to encrypt data at the sending end, and decrypt the data at the receiving end. This "tunnel" cannot be accessed by data that is not properly encrypted.
1. The UT RJ14 port allows the connection of both a telephone and a fax or modem at the same time (BGAN circuit-switched network restrictions mandate that only one is in use at any given time).

2. The UT supports two distinct phone numbers, one for the voice line and the other for the fax or modem line. Incoming phone calls will only ring the line associated with that phone number.

3. Automatic outgoing and incoming BGAN bearer selection means that no special configuration or switching between voice and fax/modem is needed by the user (4kbps voice for phone, 3.1KHz clear channel for fax/modem).

4. A two line splitter is required for this application – see next page for sample splitters. However, the customer can readily create their own splitter wiring using commonly available telephony hardware. The UT port is wired per the standard RJ14 wiring convention (FCC 47 CFR Part 68 § 68.502).

5. No splitter is needed for voice only operation.

Note: if you have a device that supports voice and 3.1kHz/fax with a single line, you can configure the RJ14 port to support both services on line 1. Refer to the Telephony section of this document.
Hughes suggests one of the following splitters for applications requiring both voice and fax/modem. No splitter is needed when accessing the RJ11 connector for voice services only.

Two line splitter “70-489” from Calradstore
http://store.calradstore.com/

Omnicon Electronics MTJ-S2
http://www.omnicronelectronics.com/digital/mtj-s2.htm
Application Note – Battery

The UT battery is a high capacity lithium-ion battery pack. When using the 9211-HDR terminal in extremely hot environments with an HDR PDP context active, you may receive a “Battery Too Hot” error message after about an hour of usage.

To get rid of this error, you can connect an external power source. Some standard external power sources are listed below:

- AC/DC power adapter P/N 3500411-0006 or -0008
- Hughes DC/DC power adapter P/N 3500099-0001, -0002 or -0003
- Various military batteries e.g. BA-5590 (Must have 2.5mm ID X 5.5mm OD barrel connector)
- Anton Bauer or a PAGlink battery with an off-the-shelf adapter for external power

Note: Make sure the plug on the adapter has the 2.5mm ID and 5.5mm OD barrel plug.
Application Note – Battery Safety

Safety Information

a. Replace battery with 3500800-0007 or 3500800-0008 battery only. Use of another battery may present a risk of fire or explosion

b. The battery used in this device may present a risk of fire or chemical burn if mistreated. Risk of Fire and Burns. Do Not Open, Crush, Heat Above (manufacturer’s specified maximum temperature) or Incinerate. Follow Manufacturer’s Instructions

c. Do not dismantle, open or shred the battery

d. Do not short-circuit the battery. Do not store batteries haphazardly in a box or drawer where they may short-circuit each other or be short-circuit by conductive materials

e. Do not remove a battery from its original packaging until required for use

f. Do not expose batteries to heat or fire. Avoid storage in direct sunlight

g. Do not subject the batteries to mechanical shock

h. In the event of a cell leaking, do not allow the liquid to come into contact with the skin or eyes. If contact has been made, wash the affected area with copious amounts of water and seek medical advice

i. Store the batteries in a dry place at a temperature between 0°C and +40°C

j. Secondary (rechargeable) batteries give their best performance when they are operated at room temperature (20°C +/- 5°C)

Charging

a. Only charge batteries with a Hughes 9211 or 9202M

b. The Hughes 9211/9202M charges with a constant-voltage, constant current battery charger circuit with the following parameters:
1. Nominal charge voltages: 8.40 VDC  
   (Maximum charge voltage: 8.50 VDC)
2. Nominal charge current: 3200 mA  
   (Maximum charge current: 3250 mA)
3. Charge temperature range: 0°C to +40°C

**Disposal**

a. Dispose of used battery promptly. Keep away from children. Do not disassemble and do not dispose of in fire.
b. When disposing of batteries, keep cells or batteries of different electrochemical systems separate from each other.
c. Recycle or dispose of this battery in accordance with local regulations. For assistance, refer to http://www.epa.gov/recycle/how-do-i-recycle-common-recyclables